



Journey Through the Heart

The Per•fect Contest! \per-fikt\ adj.

To enter:

1. Take a pic of yourself wearing your **Perfect shirt**.
2. Post and tag Carolina on social media by the end of the conference.
3. Winners will be chosen after the show via social.

Bonus points for creativity!



@CarolinaScience



Carolina® Science



@carolinascience



Objectives

- Measure systolic and diastolic **blood pressure**.
- Dissect a Carolina's Perfect Solution® **sheep heart**.
- Trace blood flow through the mammalian heart.
- Relate heart structure and function to blood pressure.



Building Toward TEKS Science Concepts

TEKS

- **112.42.C.12.A:** Analyze the interactions that occur among systems that perform the functions of regulation, nutrient absorption, reproduction, and defense from injury or illness in animals.

[Explore Dissection Resources](#)

Workshop “Organ”ization

Procedure:

1. Take blood pressure measurements.
2. Dissect the sheep heart.
3. Tie it all together.



Blood Pressure (BP)

- Force of blood exerted on blood vessel walls
- Typically measured in the brachial artery in millimeters of mercury (mmHG)
- Systolic pressure:
 - Max. pressure
 - Left ventricle contracts
 - Avg.: 120 mmHG
- Diastolic pressure:
 - Min. pressure
 - Left ventricle relaxes
 - Avg.: 80 mmHG
- Korotkoff sounds (🔊: systolic; 🔊×: diastolic)



**Remember: BP is dynamic—
it changes daily, seasonally,
and as we age.**

Activity 1: Blood Pressure



$$\text{BP} = \frac{\text{Systolic Pressure}}{\text{Diastolic Pressure}}$$

1. Wrap the cuff around your upper left arm, about 1" above the elbow.
2. Align the cuff's artery mark ϕ with your brachial artery on the inside of your arm. *The tube should be toward lower arm!*
3. Tighten the cuff.
4. Lay your arm on the table, palm up, so that the cuff is the same height as your heart.
5. Press the power button. Wait for 3 beeps and the inflation indicator to begin flashing ▲ before proceeding!
6. Squeeze the bulb to inflate the cuff to 30 mmHG above your normal BP (160–180 mmHG).
7. Stop and wait.
8. Record your BP.

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Carolina's Perfect Solution® Specimens

Quality

**Superior
preservation**

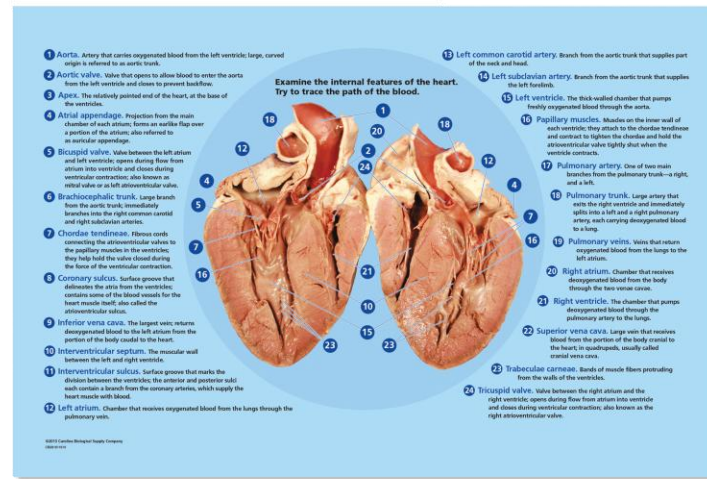
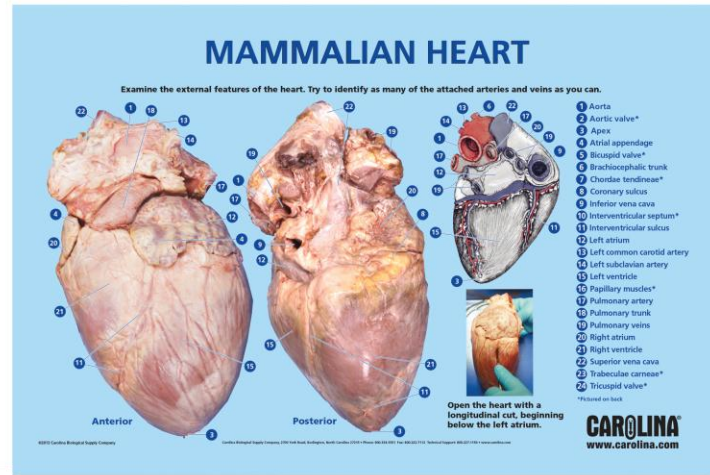
**Superior
tissue color
and texture**

Safety

**No
dangerous
off-gassing**

**No formalin
odor**

Carolina® Dissection Mats



- Clear, concise dissection instructions
- Detailed, color photographs
- Labeled internal and external structures with definitions
- Cost-effective
- Reusable—wipe clean

**PLEASE DO NOT
TAKE THESE MATS!**

We need these for future workshops.

Dissection Preparation Tips

- **Organize your dissection area:**

- Take out your dissection tray
- Put blue absorbent pad under the dissection tray
- Lay out your instruments
 - Coffee stirrers
 - Scalpel

- **Use appropriate personal protective equipment:**
Apron, gloves, safety goggles



Safety Issues

- **Personal protective equipment**
Apron, gloves, safety goggles
- **Dissection tools**
Be diligent with sharp tools

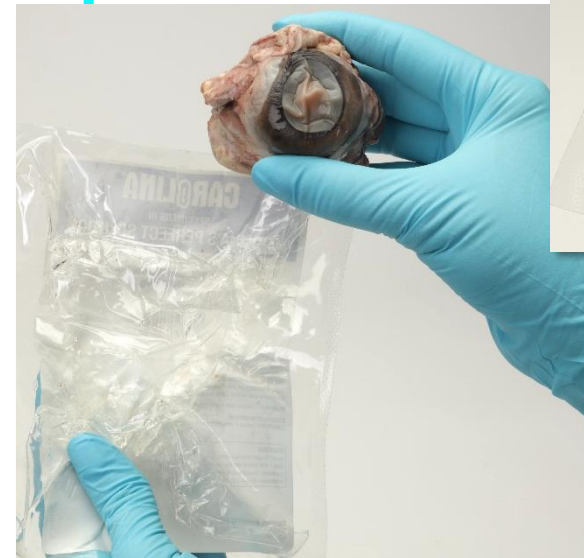
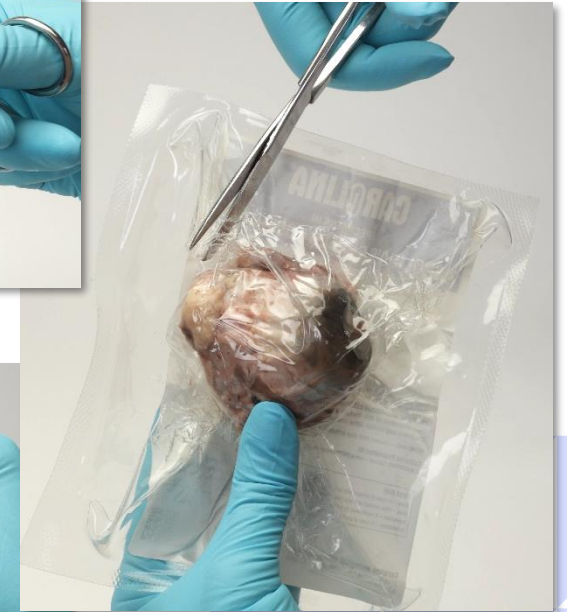


Safety Tip
If you are not
using an
instrument,
set it down!



Teacher Tip

1. At the anterior of the specimen, locate an area where there is excess plastic.
2. Force any fluid out of the area to prevent spills.
3. Cut a small hole in the excess plastic. This will allow the fluid to drain to the bottom of the bag.
4. Continue to cut around the anterior of the specimen until you can easily remove the specimen from the bag.
5. Keep bag upright until we come over to collect the fluid and bag.



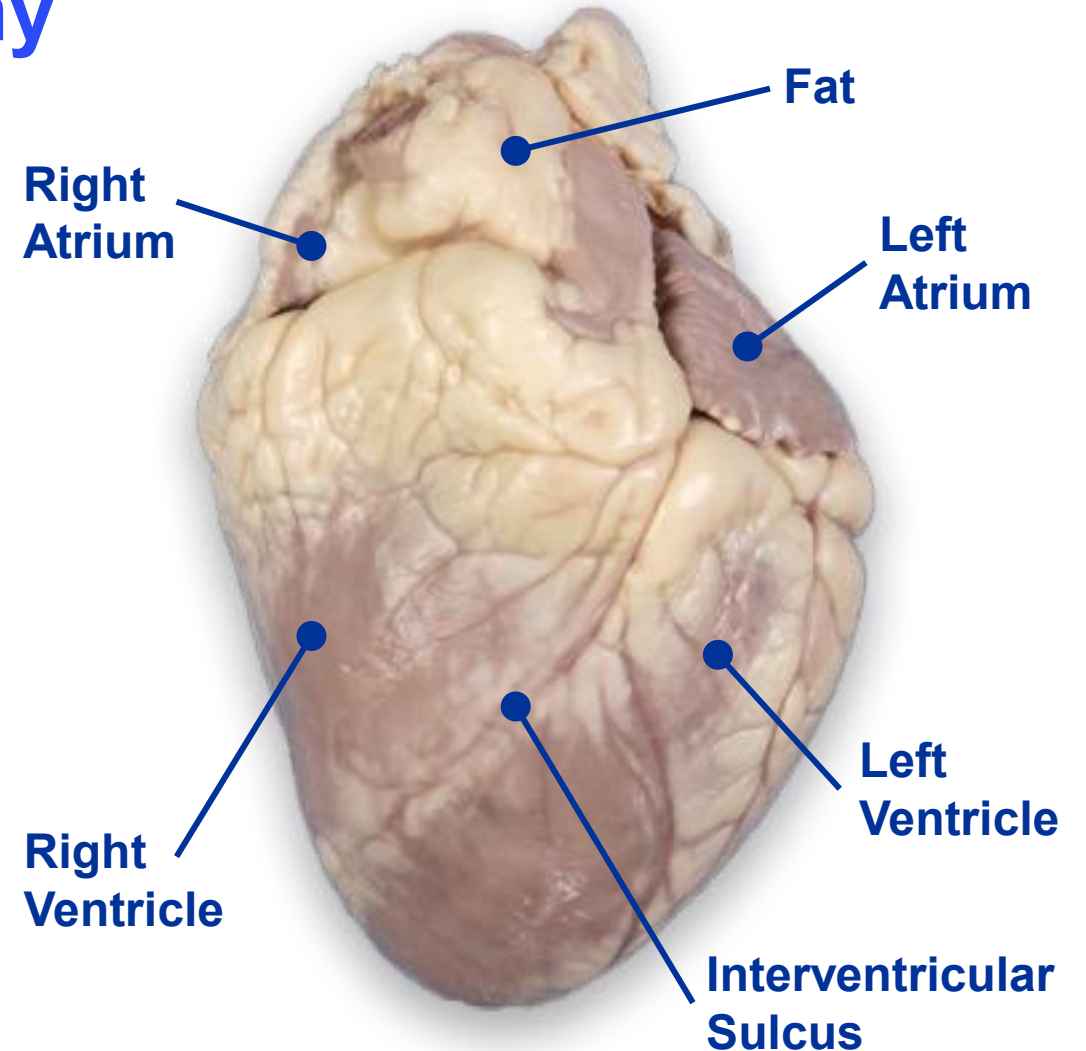
Sheep Heart: External Anatomy

1. Correctly orient the heart.

Hint: Find the interventricular sulcus first, then each atria.

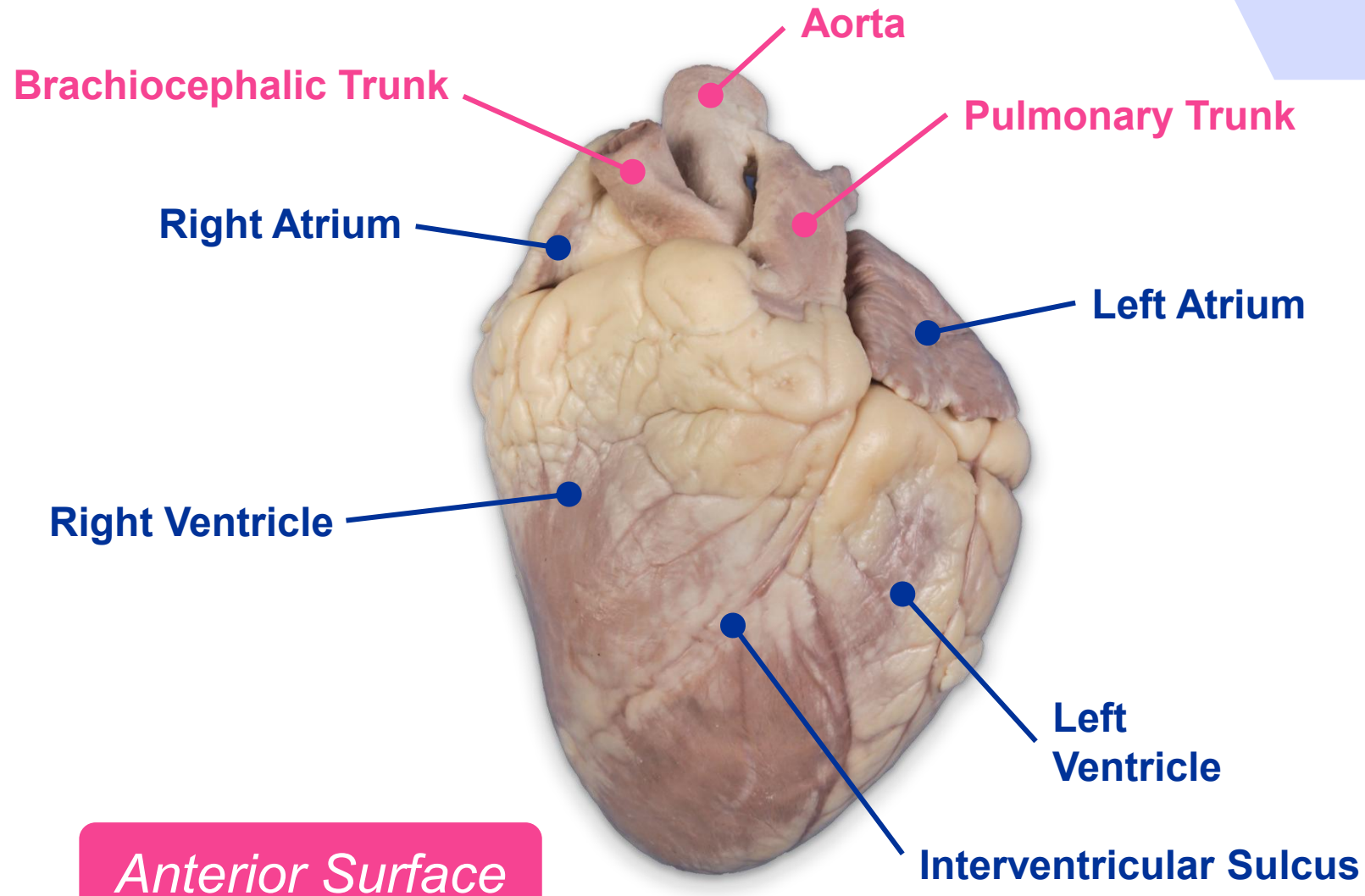
2. Locate all structures on the anterior and posterior surfaces.

3. As needed, trim the fat from around the blood vessels with scissors.

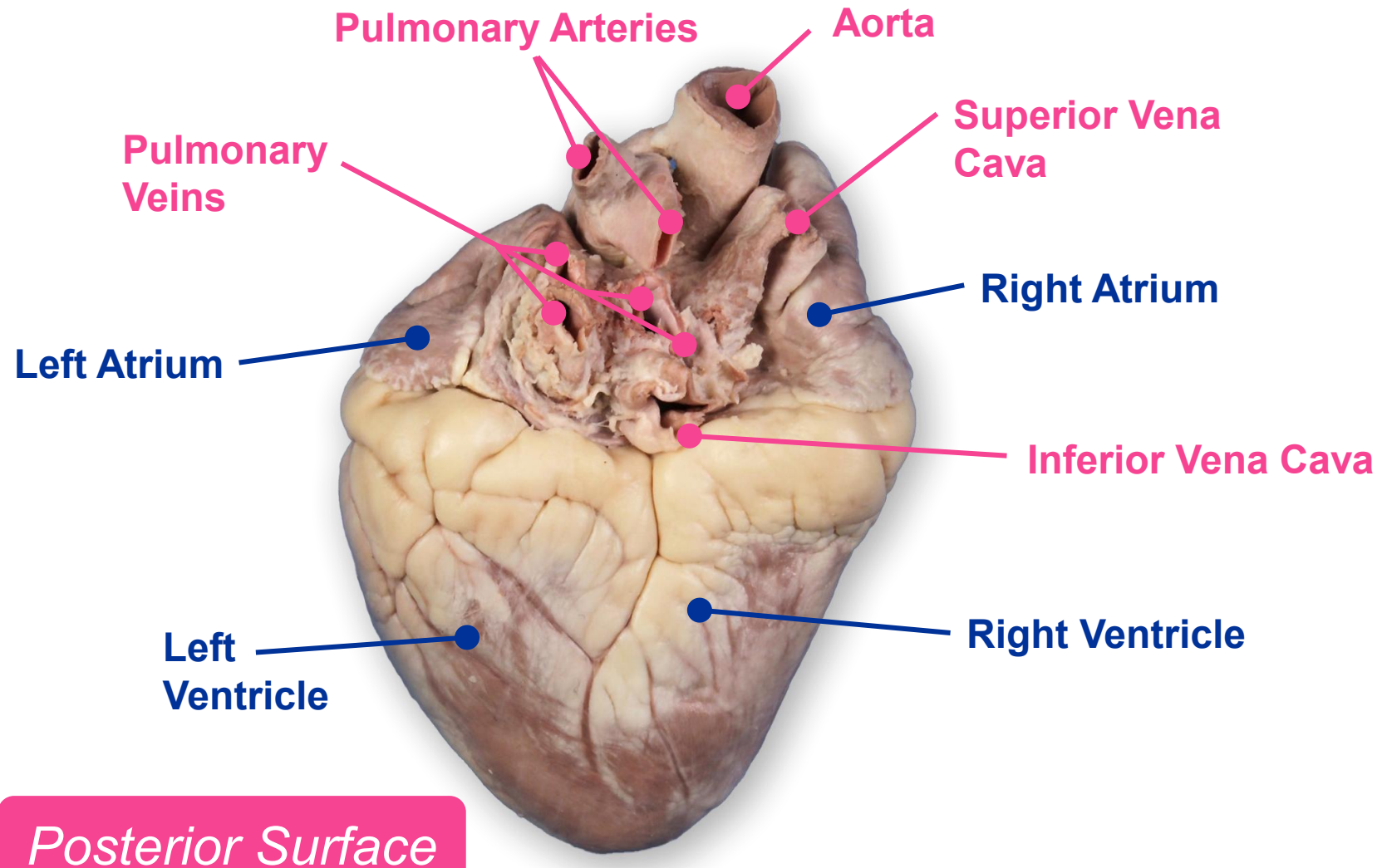


Anterior Surface

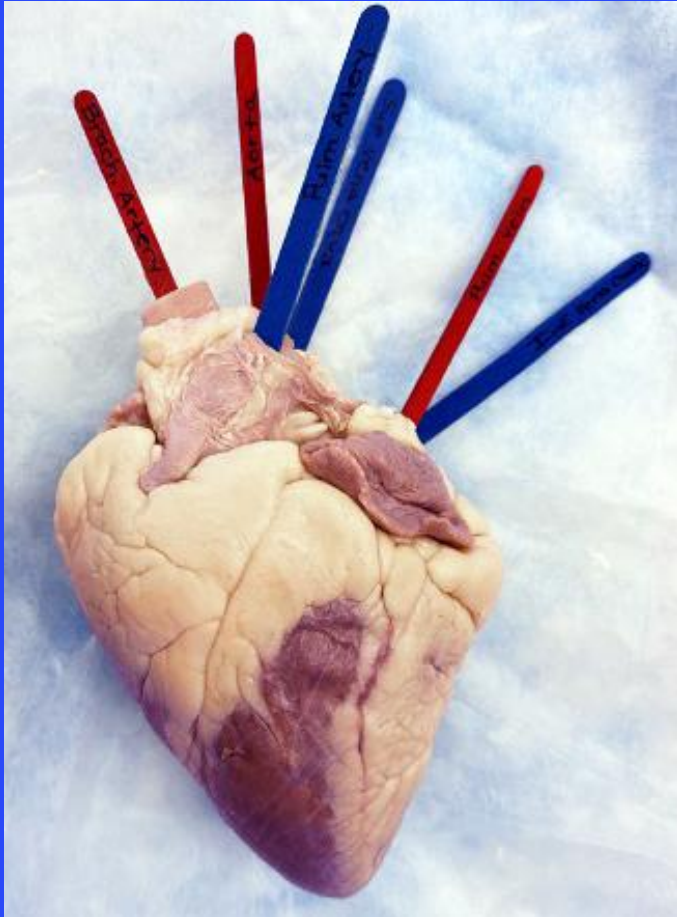
Sheep Heart: External Anatomy



Sheep Heart: External Anatomy



Activity 2: Blood Flow



1. Locate the major blood vessels.

2. Trace blood flow into and out of the heart:

- Insert a **blue** stirrer into vessels transporting **deoxygenated blood**.
- Insert a **red stirrer** into vessels transporting **oxygenated blood**.

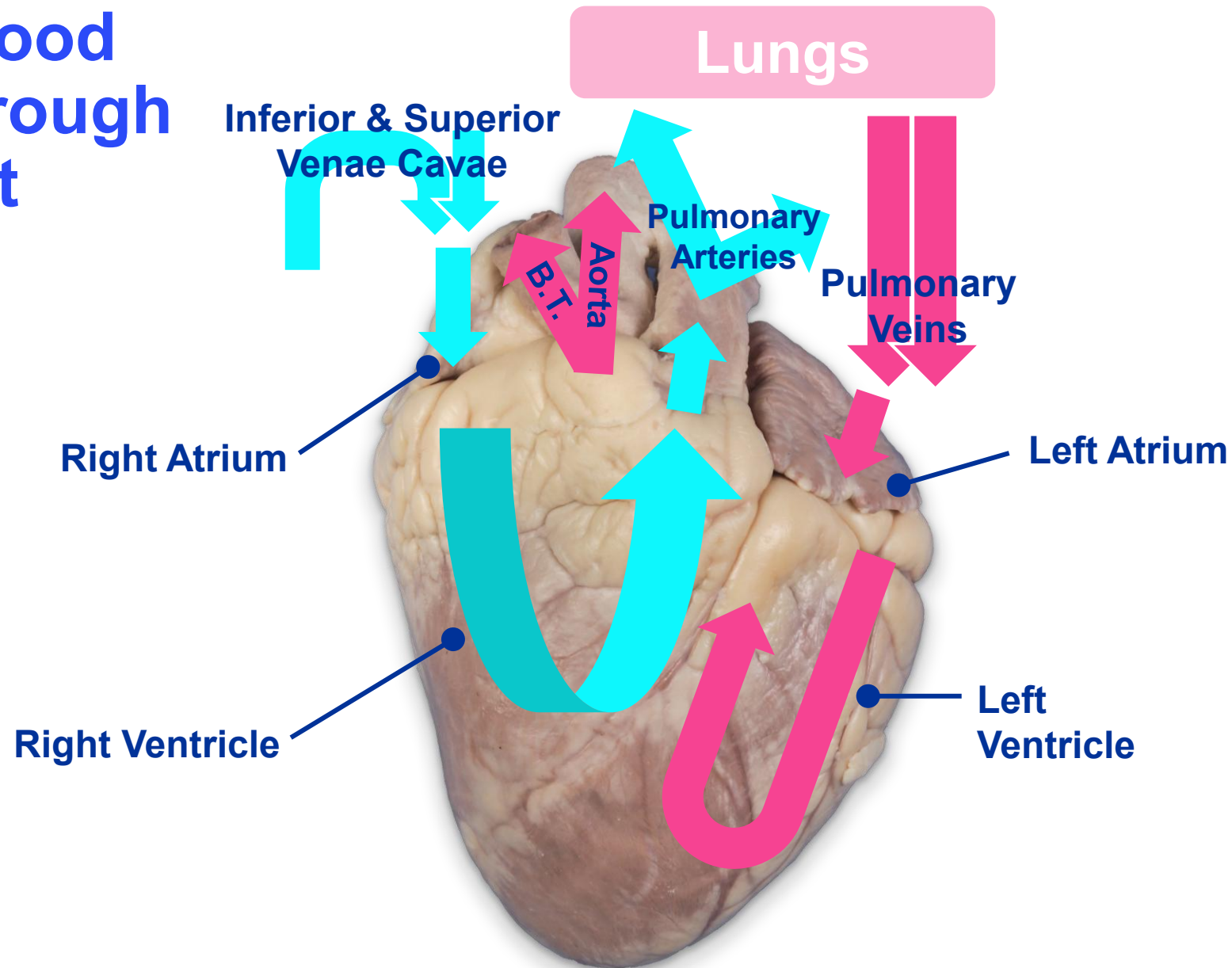
- Aorta
- Pulmonary arteries
- Pulmonary veins
- Superior vena cava
- Inferior vena cava
- Brachiocephalic artery

IMPORTANT: For the pulmonary arteries and veins, only use 1 stirrer each.

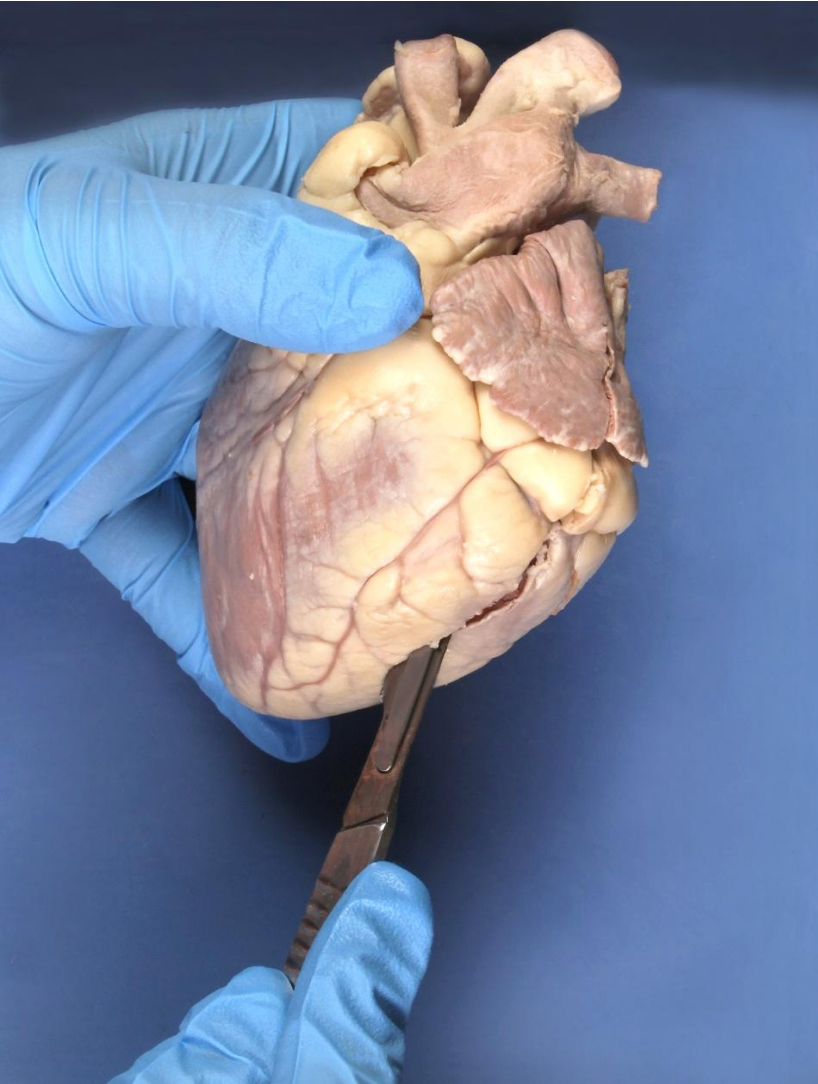
Activity 2: Blood Flow



Trace Blood Flow Through the Heart

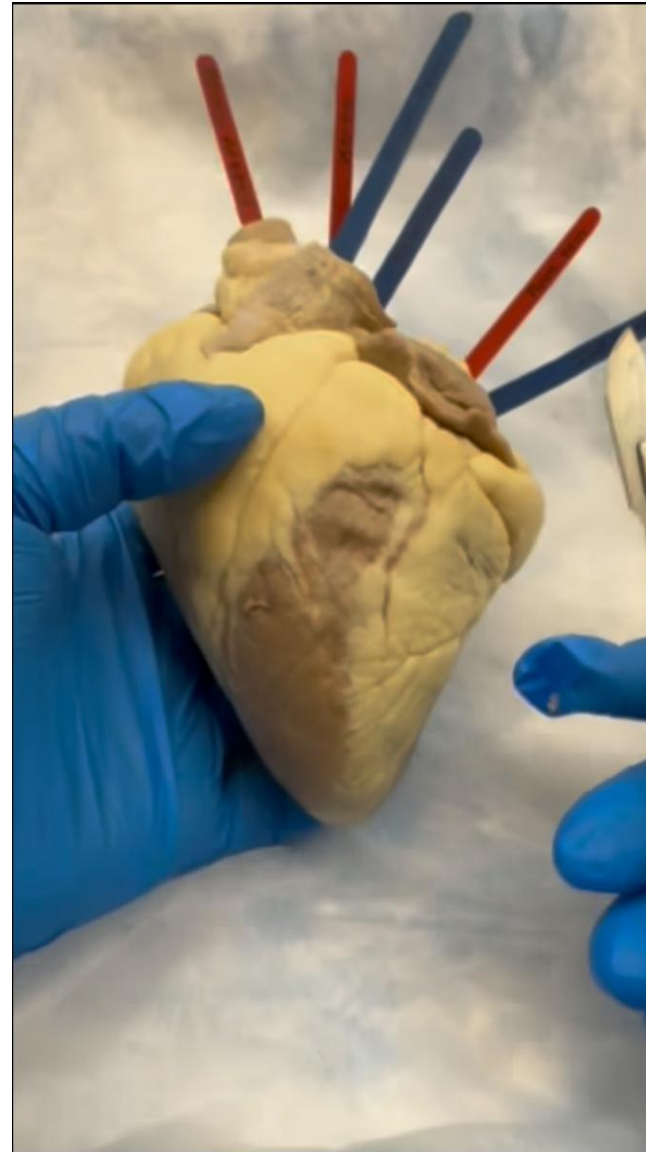


A Knife in the Heart!

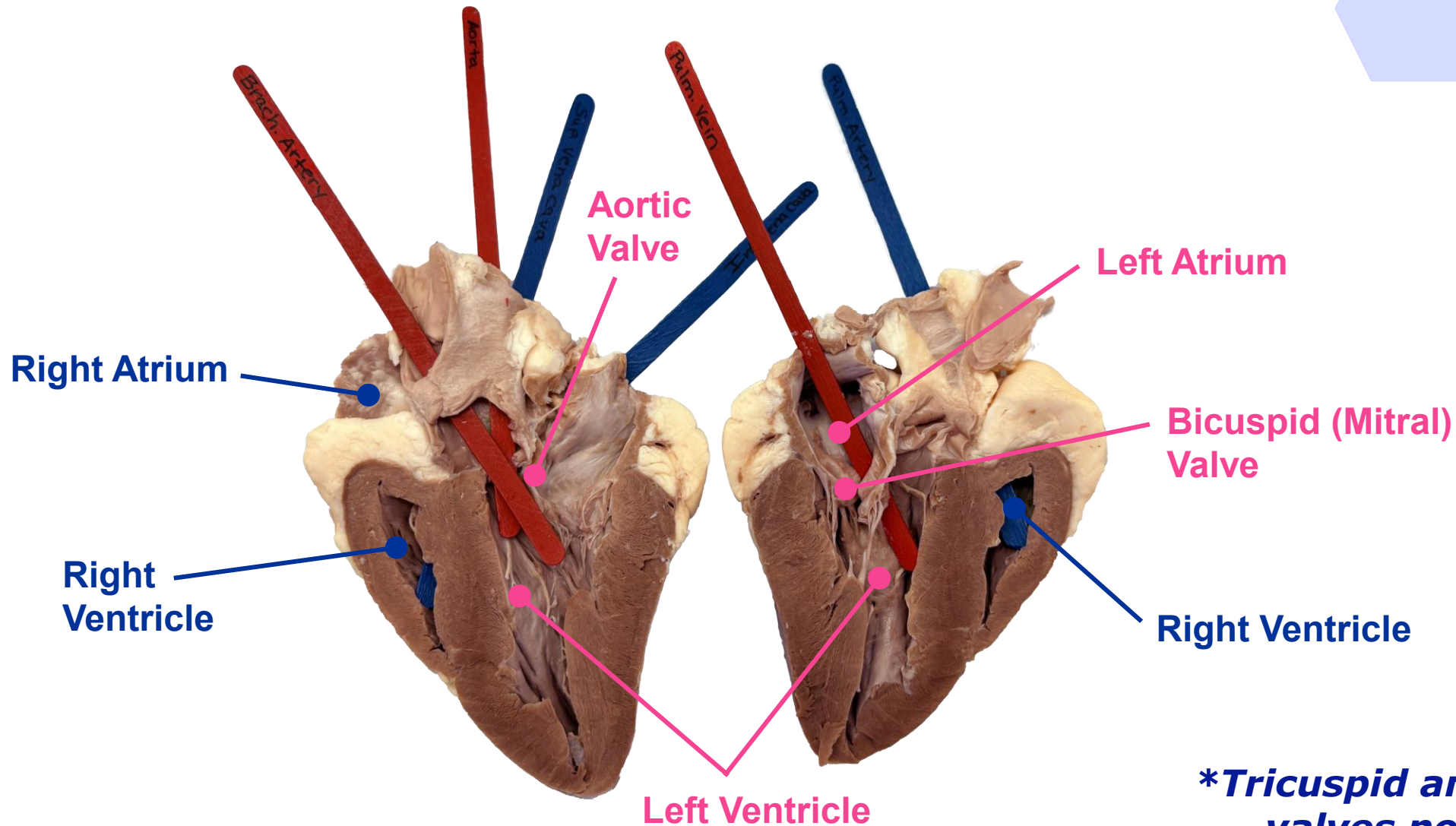


**Cut the heart in half,
across the atria and
ventricles, as shown.**

A Knife in the Heart!

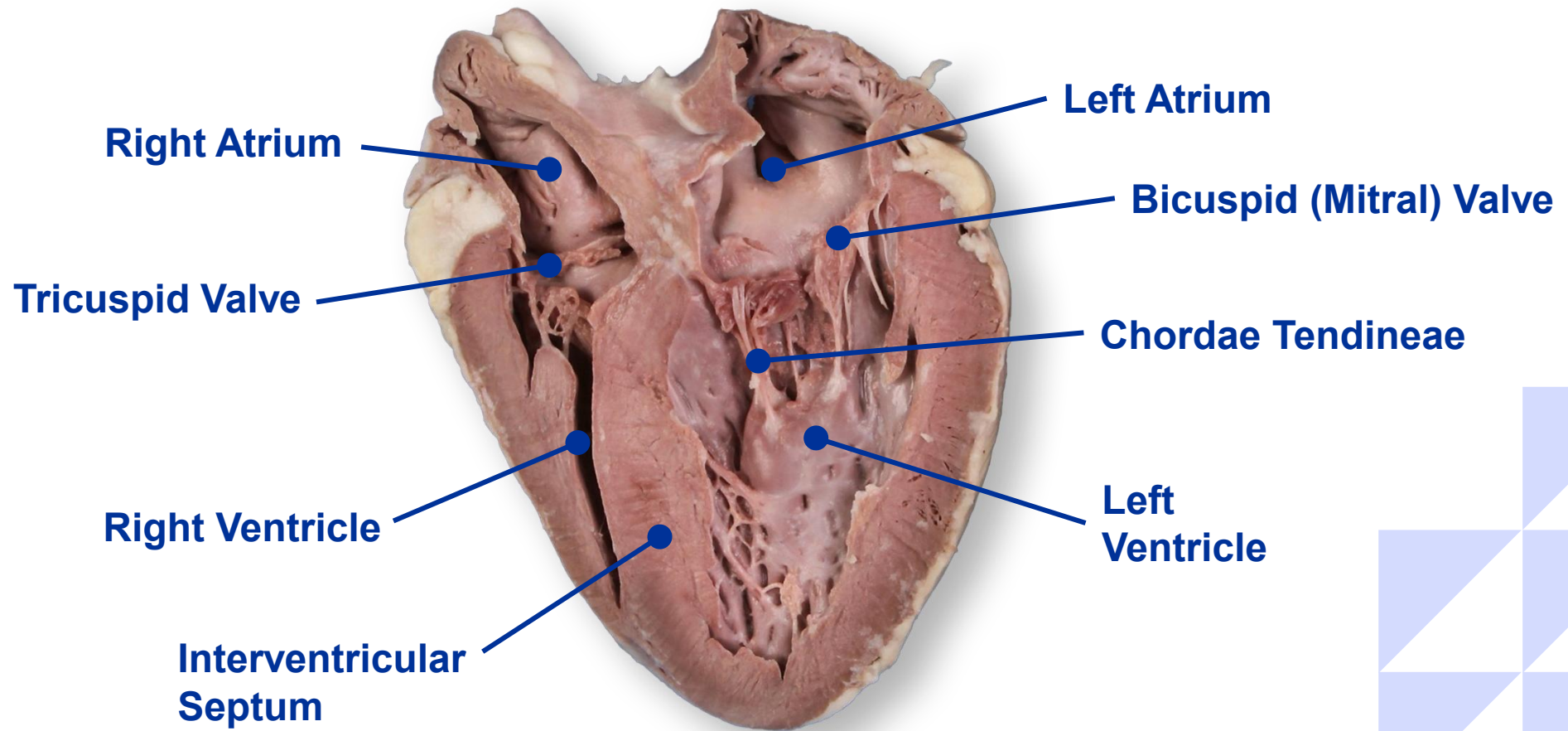


Sheep Heart: Internal Anatomy

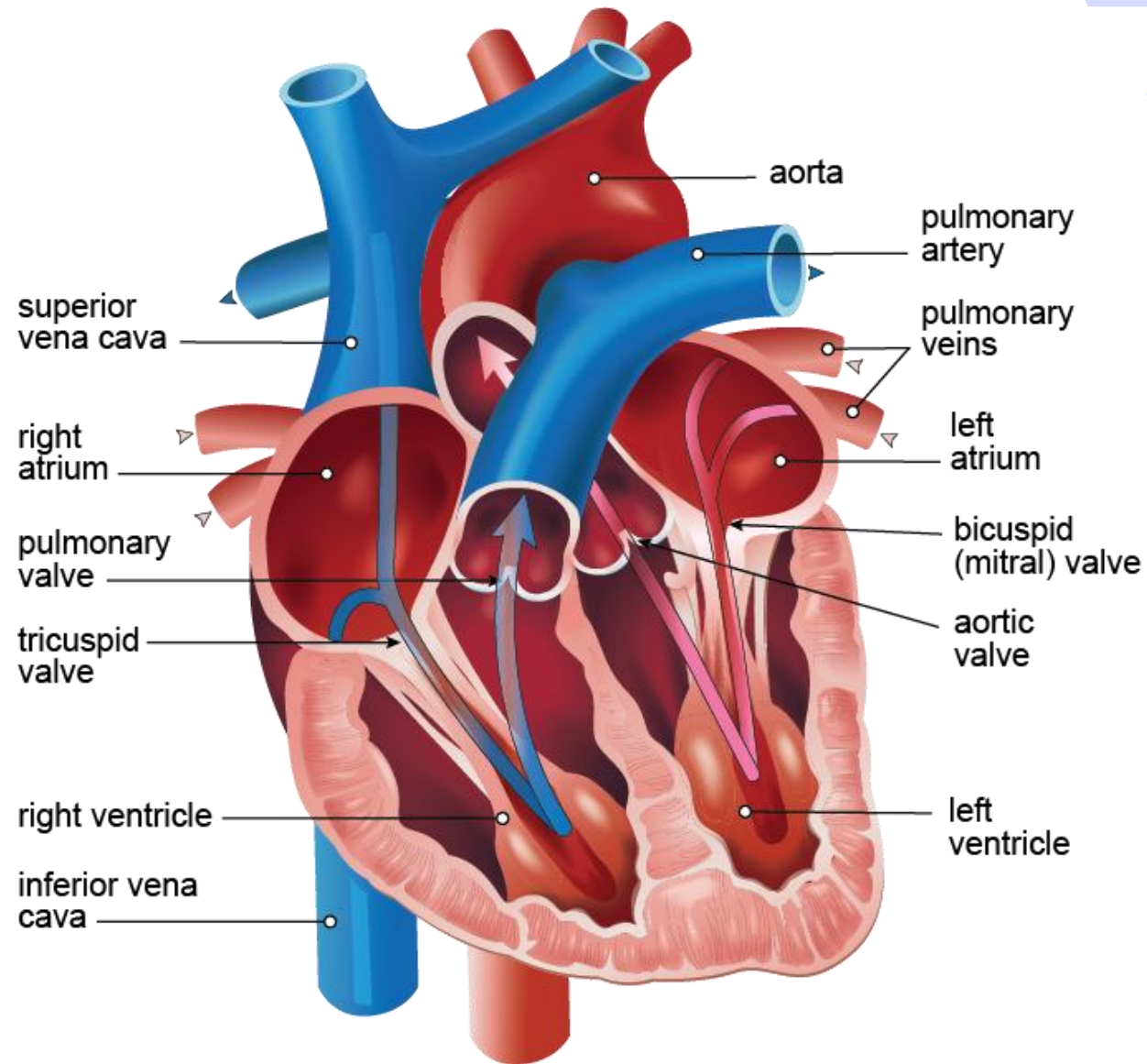


****Tricuspid and pulmonary valves not pictured***

Sheep Heart: Internal Anatomy



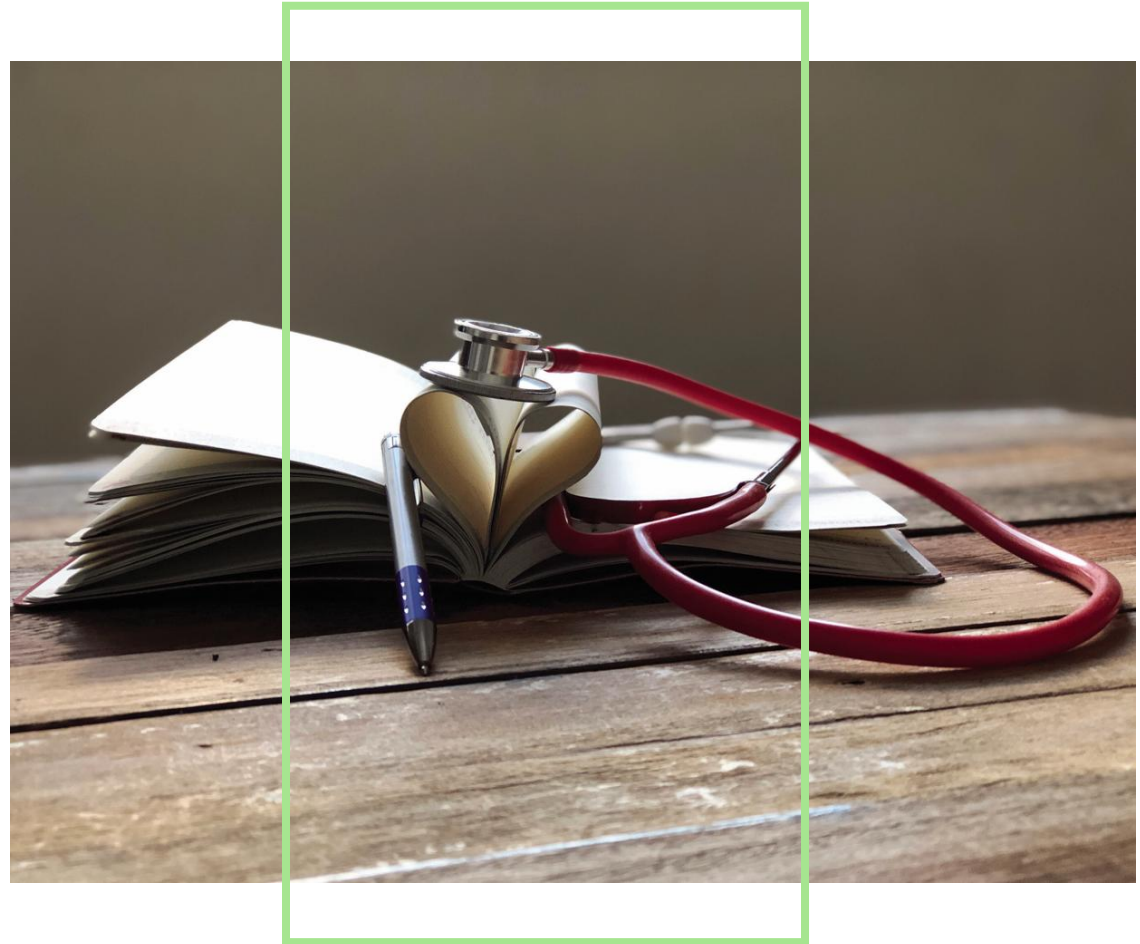
Blood Flow



Workshop “Organ”ization

Procedure

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What We Know So Far

- Systole – relaxation or contraction?
- Diastole – relaxation or contraction?
- Blood pressure is measured in (arteries or veins)?
- Pressure is created as blood moves through the heart, with the greatest pressure resulting from the (chamber).
- Blood leaves the heart through the (vessel) after being pumped by the (chamber).

From here, have students discuss different variables that could impact blood pressure.

Main Factors Affecting Blood Pressure

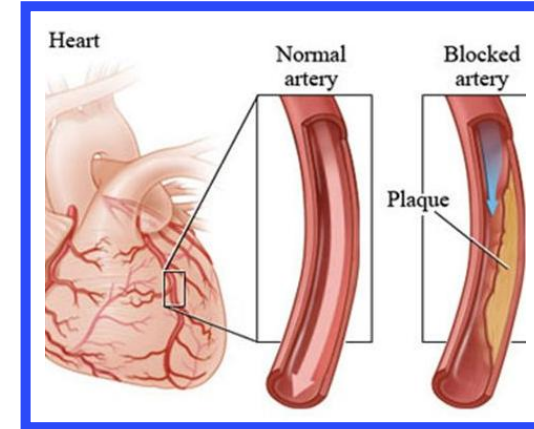


1. Cardiac Output (CO)

- Amount of blood flow through the heart (L/min)
- $\uparrow \text{CO} = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$

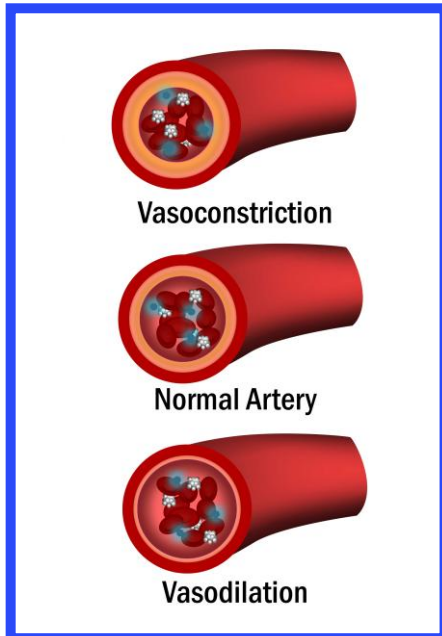
2. Compliance

- Ability of vessels to expand
- $\downarrow C = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$



3. Resistance

- Opposition to blood flow through vessels
- $\uparrow R = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$
- Related to:
 - Blood viscosity (thickness): $\uparrow = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$
 - Blood vessel length: $\uparrow = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$
 - Blood vessel diameter: $\downarrow = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$



4. Blood Volume

- Amount of blood in the body
- $\uparrow = \uparrow \text{ in BP}$



Cleanup Instructions

STOP!

- **KEEP GLOVES ON!**
- **Separate trash from animal material/waste.**
- **Carolina employees will come and collect ONLY animal waste. Place in buckets.**
- **All other trash goes in trash bags.**
- **Wipe off tools, mats and tables.**



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